Improving energy savings in the Korean apartment housing sector



Contents







Seoul Mapo

- The first sample estate in Korea
- Supply for a middle class by government

1962

- Applying a tower in the park







Seoul Sanggea

1986

- The first high-rise apartment
- Central heating system



llsan 1995

- Large scale new city development



Pusan Dangam 1998

- Terrace house using a nature ground
- The beginning of a sustainable environment estate



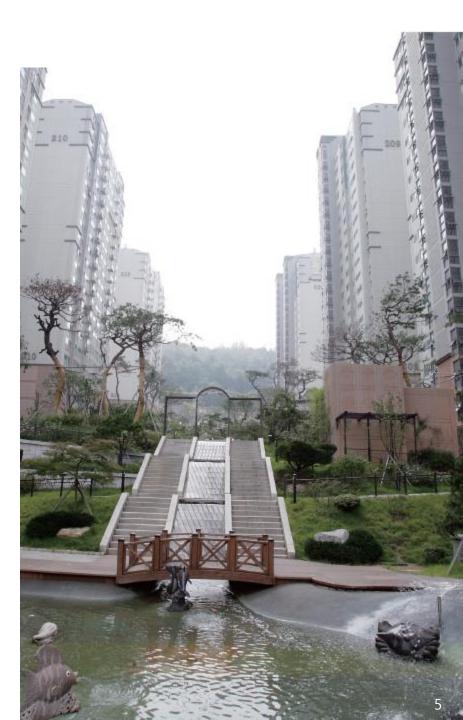


Seoul Nangok

- Redeveloped area
- The last poor village in Seoul



2007



Start Green housing



Solar heating apartment house

Site	Osan ('10)
houses	1,179
Collector area	1700m²
Storage tank	47ton
Cost	\$1,220,000
Energy saving	About 15% of DHW
Payback	\$5.5/month/house

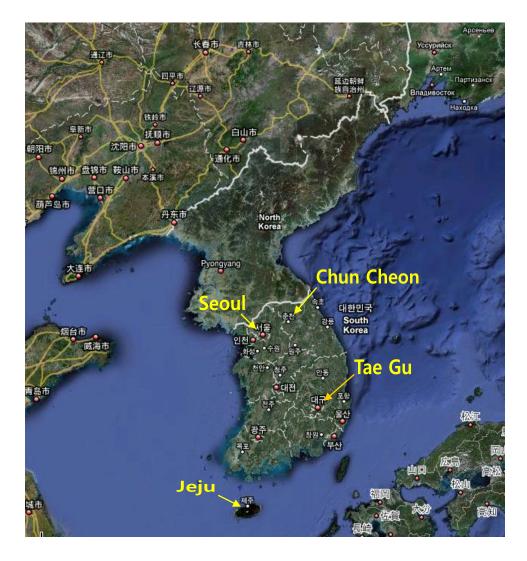
PV cell apartment house

ltem	House Net area	'17	'21
PV cell	36m²(1 house)	0.058	0.15
Capacity [kW]	84m²(1 house)	0.14	0.34





The latitude and longitude of main cities



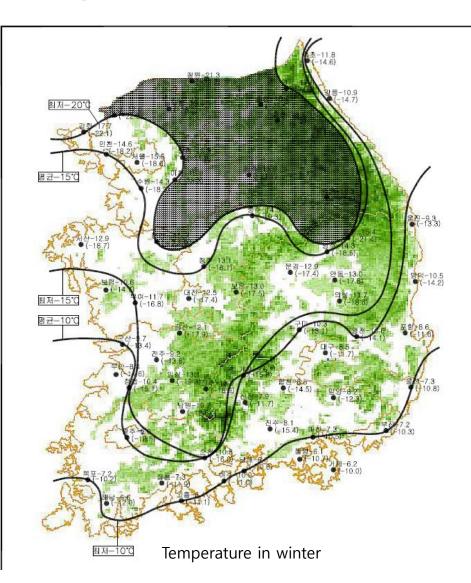
Cities	latitude	longitude
Seoul (Middle 2)	37.7	127
Chun Cheon (Middle 1)	38	127.6
Tae Gu (Southern)	35.5	128
Jeju	33.1	126

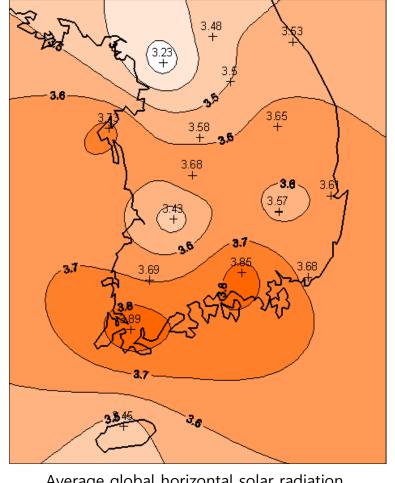
Design temperature for heating

♦	Seoul	:	-11.3 ℃
•	Chun Cheon	:	-14.7 ℃
•	Tae Gu	:	-7.6 ℃
•	Jeju	:	0.1 ℃

Korean Weather

Temperature and solar radiation

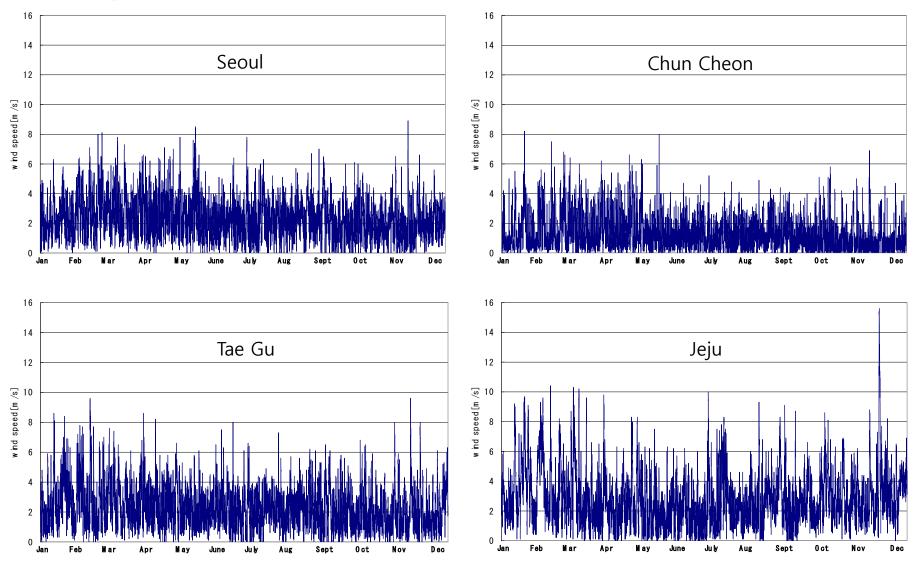




Average global horizontal solar radiation (kWh/m2/day)

Korean Weather

Wind speed



Energy saving goal

- '08. 8.15 The government had published 'Low Carbon and Green Growth'
- '09. 9.19 a Ministry had planned to build 1 million 'Green housing' by 2018
- '09. 11.5 with Six ministries reported the energy saving plan in housing sector to the President report energy saving roadmap for green housing 30% in 2012, 60% in 2017, zero-energy housing by 2025

Establish of the regulations

'09. 6 Amendment of the Regulations on housing construction standards
Obligation to design green(eco-friendly) housing for apartment housings with 30 or more housing
'09.12 Notice[®] Green housing construction standards and performance _ enforcement
Start to 10~15% energy savings (10% for below floor area 60m², 15% over the area 60m²)
the Notice amendment '10(15~20%),'12(25~30%), '15(30~40%), '17(50~60%),'19(60%)
'23(zero energy grade 5 for public Institution, '24(nearly zero energy for private)

Revise the roadmap

 In December 2017 : All apartment housings designed zero energy house in '25 → All apartment housings designed zero energy level 5 in '25

Regulation of Housing Construction Standard

- Regulations on housing construction standard Article 64 (Standards for Construction of Energysaving green Housing)
- In the case of constructing an apartment house that has obtained approval for a construction plan pursuant to Article 15 of the Housing Law, it must be constructed as an energy-saving green house that can reduce total energy consumption and carbon dioxide emissions using any one or more of the following technologies
- 1. Low-energy building construction technology such as high insulation and high-functional outer shell structure, airtight design, using sunlight and green materials
- 2. Energy-efficient equipment technology such as high-efficiency heat source equipment, control equipment and high-efficiency ventilation equipment
- Technology using new and renewable energy such as solar heat, solar power, geothermal heat and wind power
- 4. External environment creation technology to secure ecological circulation functions such as preservation of natural ground, securing ecological area ratio and circulation of rainwater
- 5. Building energy information technology, automatic control device, and technology to maximize energy use efficiency, such as intelligent power grid

Green Housing Regulations 2

Notice in charge Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport

Construction standards for Green housing

(Article 6) Design recommendations about Preservation of the land, Development density,

Ecological function, Sunlight, Renewable energy, Wind ways, Waste recycling, Rainwater recycling.

(Article 7) Green housing must meet one of the following conditions.

- ① Green housing should be designed with a primary energy consumption of less than 120 kWh/m².yr per unit area of the housing in accordance with the evaluation method presented in Article 14.
- Green housing must meet all of the following design standards.

Steel door Middle 1 Middle 2 Southern Division Jeju region Region Region region SECONDE No Cooling 352 288 256 320 2004 With Cooling 384 352 320 288 0.00 0.05 Side wall Outer wall Outer wall **L** 1 =(directly) (indirectly) . e 6 Window(indirectly) Balcony Window(directly) window(directly) 12

Primary Energy consumption of the criteria housing

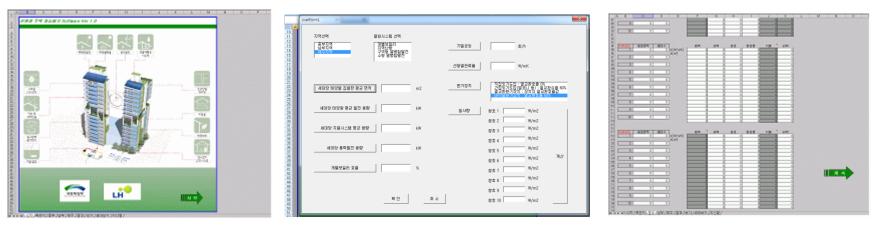
Raising the green housing design standard ('09~'15)

ltems		Er	ergy Savings	0%('08)	10~15%(Oct. '09)	25~30%(Nov. '12)	30~40%(Mar. '15)
		cold	outside air directly	Below 3.0	Below 1.8	Below 1.2	Below 1.0
		area	outside air indirectly	Below 4.3	Below 2.8	Below 2.8	Below 1.9
	Window	Southern	outside air directly	Below 3.3	Below 2.1	Below 1.5	Below 1.2
	[W/m²K]	area	outside air indirectly	Below 4.7	Below 3.1	Below 2.3	Below 2.1
		Jeju	outside air directly	Below 4.2	Below 2.8	Below 1.8	Below 1.6
Overall		island	outside air indirectly	Below 6.0	Below 3.7	Below 2.8	Below 2.5
heat transfer coefficient		cold	outside air directly	Below 0.47	Below 0.36	Below 0.25	Below 0.21
U-value		area	outside air indirectly	Below 0.64	Below 0.49	Below 0.32	Below 0.28
e value	Outer wall	Southern	outside air directly	Below 0.58	Below 0.45	Below 0.32	Below 0.28
	[W/m ² K]	area	outside air indirectly	Below 0.81	Below 0.63	Below 0.47	Below 0.43
		Jeju	outside air directly	Below 0.76	Below 0.58	Below 0.50	Below 0.46
		island	outside air indirectly	Below 1.10	Below 0.85	Below 0.62	Below 0.58
	Side	col	d area	Below 0.35	Below 0.27	Below 0.20	Below 0.17
	wall		iern area	Below 0.47	Below 0.36	Below 0.28	Below 0.25
	[W/m²K]	Jeju	island	Below 0.58	Below 0.45	Below 0.35	Below 0.32
	Boiler(heat	ting system	1)	Above 84% efficiency	Above 87% efficiency	Above 87% efficiency	Above 91% efficiency
Stor	el door	C	utside air directly	-	-	Below U-value 1.4W/m²K Below airtight Level 1	Below U-value 1.4W/m²K Below airtight Level 1
		i	utside air indirectly	-	-	Below U-value 1.8W/m²K Below airtight Level 2	U-value, Below 1.8W/m²K Below airtight Level 2
Airtight p	performance	e((outside a	air directly)	-	Below airtight Level 2	Below airtight Level 2	Below airtight Level 1
Window an	ea ratio to	walls and	windows[%]	-	-	-	(0.0689×Bay + 0.1044)×100
			ctly) U value	-	-	-	Below 2.8W/m ² K
Boiler	, Transforn	ner, Electric	motor	High-efficiency equip.	High-efficiency equipment	High-efficiency equipment	High-efficiency equipment
Pur	mps(heating	g, DHW, W	/ater)	1.12 times of KS efficiency	1.12 times of KS efficiency	1.12 times of KS efficiency	1.12 times of KS efficiency
Star	Standby power cut-off device		evice	-	Above 1 each in living room, bedroom, and kitchen	Above 1 each in living room, bedroom, and kitchen	Above 1 each in living room, bedroom, and kitchen
		off switch		-	In-house installation	In-house installation	In-house installation
		ld lighting		High-efficiency lighting	High-efficiency lighting	High-efficiency lighting, or LED	High-efficiency lighting, or LED
	Common t			-	Automatic flashing switch	Automatic flashing switch	Automatic flashing switch
Room	temperati	ure control	device	-	1 for each room	1 for each room	1 for each room

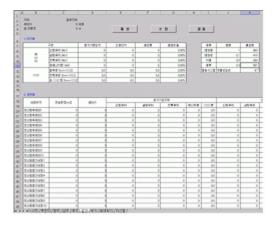
Raising the green housing design standard ('17~'21, Now)

ltems			Energy Savings	50~60%(Dec. '17)	60%(July. '21)
		cold	outside air directly	Below 0.9	Below 0.9
		area 1	outside air indirectly	Below 1.3	Below 1.2
		cold	outside air directly	Below 1.0	Below 0.9
	Window	area 2	outside air indirectly	Below 1.5	Below 1.5
	[W/m²K]	Southern	outside air directly	Below 1.2	Below 1.0
		area	outside air indirectly	Below 1.7	Below 1.7
Overall heat		Jeju island	outside air directly	Below 1.6	Below 1.5
transfer		island	outside air indirectly	Below 2.0	Below 1.7
coefficient		cold	outside air directly	Below 0.15	Below 0.15
U-value		area 1	outside air indirectly	Below 0.21	Below 0.21
	Outer wall	cold	outside air directly	Below 0.17	Below 0.17
	(including side wall)	area 2	outside air indirectly	Below 0.24	Below 0.24
	side wall) [W/m²K]	Southern	outside air directly	Below 0.22	Below 0.22
		area	outside air indirectly	Below 0.31	Below 0.31
		Jeju island	outside air directly	Below 0.29	Below 0.29
		island	outside air indirectly	Below 0.41	Below 0.35
	Boiler(h	eating syste	em)	Above 91% efficiency	Above 92% efficiency
S+c	el door	0	utside air directly	Below U-value 1.4W/m²K, Below airtight Level 1	Below U-value 1.4W/m²K Below airtight Level 1
516		ou	ıtside air indirectly	U-value, Below 1.8W/m²K, Below airtight Level 2	U-value, Below 1.8W/m²K, Below airtight Level 2
Air	tight performa	nce((outside	e air directly)	Below airtight Level 1	Below airtight Level 1
Winc	low area ratio	to walls ar	nd windows[%]	(0.0689×Bay + 0.1044)×100	(0.0689×Bay + 0.1044)×100
Balco	ony window(ou	ıtside air di	rectly) U value	Below 2.4W/m²K	Below 2.4W/m²K
	Boiler, Transfe	ormer, Elect	ric motor	High-efficiency equip.	High-efficiency equip.
	Pumps(hea	ting, DHW,	Water)	1.12 times of KS efficiency	1.12 times of KS efficiency
	Standby po	wer cut-off	device	Above 1 each in living room, bedroom, and kitchen 30% or more of the total number of outlets	Above 1 each in living room, bedroom, and kitchen 30% or more of the total number of outlets
	Batch off switch			In-house installation	In-house installation
		nation densi	/	10W/m²	8W/m' 또는 전면 LED
Renewab	<u> </u>		insulation system	10 points	25 points
	House	hold lightin	g	High-efficiency lighting	High-efficiency lighting
	Commo	n toilet ligh	ting	Automatic flashing switch	Automatic flashing switch
	Room tempe	rature contr	ol device	1 for each room	1 for each room

Energy saving calculation software (before December 2017)

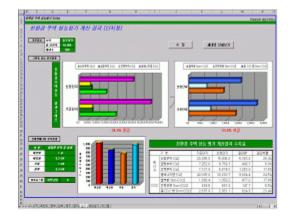


Start



Calculation

Input data



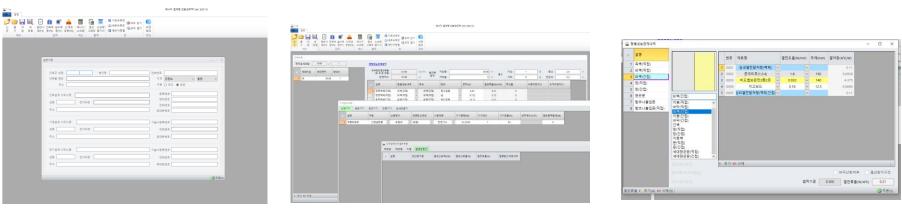
Results (for estate)

Thermal insulation data

	4080	(40)	8246			선물수택					****			400	8884	1092
치문으	4282	COZ	비너지	coz 🗟	비니지문	전역부대	김영부 라	난병부라	coz 🔮	비너지영	5444	5644	F&A#	44.4		44114
	YES	2.0%	254	1.6	22,840	5,965	14,508	0	1,7	29,230	5,965	14,504	0	0	0	(<u>9</u> 9,4(31
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1044012
4 B	0	0.75	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	Q,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(요 욕세대3
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	199404
2 82	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1044035
	0	0.75	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	Q,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(ଜୁଲ୍ୟାମିକ
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1994037
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1044030
	0	0.75	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	Q,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(ଜୁଲ୍ୟାର୍ଥି)
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1994(B10
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1002401
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	Q,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(요즘간세대:
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1992403
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0			0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1002404
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	Q.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(중중간세태5
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1992404
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1002407
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	Q.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(중중간세대비
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0			0	0	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	19924B9
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	·***
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	Q.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	QQ4(81
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0			0	0	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	2994032
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200403
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	Q.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u>'</u> 오 우 세 대 4
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0			0	0	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	2.44.4635
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2004036
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	0	0	Q.D	0	0	0	0	0	0	99407
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0			9	. 0	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	2994080
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0,0	0	0	1 4	5 0	4	17	- 0	0	0	0	0	2010/4139
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	Λ	0	de l	P	0	0	0	0	0	QQ4(810
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	~ 1	0	0.0	Tt	0	0	0	0	0	100/2401
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	ő	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2007002
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100500
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10055901
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1002405
	0	0.7%	0.7%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10052406
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1992/407
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	002400
	0	0.7%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00004Bs
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0401

Results (for houses)

Energy saving calculation software (after December 2017 ~ Now)

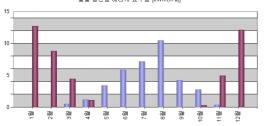


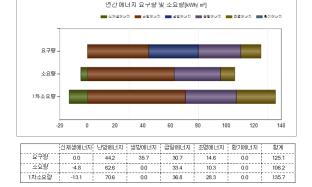
Start

Input data

Thermal insulation data







Calculation



2 Green Housing Regulations

Additional construction cost

- Additional construction cost criteria according to the energy saving rate is in the Notice, Green housing construction standard
- The additional cost is calculated by multiplying the floor area for each energy saving rate per unit area, and this value is added to the basic construction cost

< Additional cost per unit area by energy saving (Unit : KRW/m^2) >

Energy saving Area	25%	30%	40%	50%	55%	60%
Middle 1, 2	5,940	11,879	23,758	35,637	41,577	47,516
Southern, Jeju island	4,134	8,269	16,537	24,806	28,940	33,074

• If the energy saving rate exceeds 60%, use the correlations for green housing addition cost

Energy savings[%]	Middle 1	Middle 2	Southern, Jeju island
60~65	y = 1,794.3X - 107,666	y = 1,794.3X - 107,666	$y = 24.33*(X-60)^{2.93}$
<mark>6</mark> 5~70	y = 1,714.3X - 108,248	y = 1,554.3X - 100,372	$y = 24.33*(X-60)^{2.93}$
70~75	y = 3,294.3x	y = 2,994.8x	y = 1,385.8x - 95,944
Over 75	y = 3,294.3x	y = 2,994.8x	y = 2,695.4x

2 | Green Housing Regulations

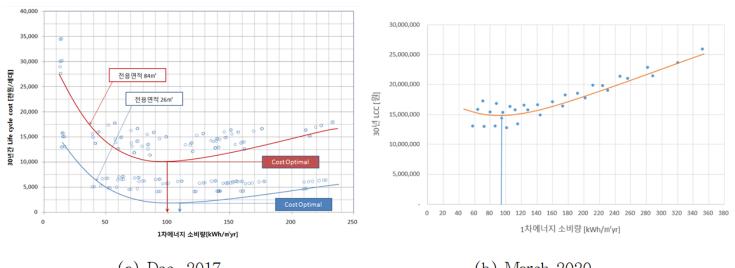
Tables of the additional construction cost (Middle region 2, KRW/m²)

Energy savings[%]	5th floor and below	6th to 10th floor	11th to 15th floor	16th to 20th floor	21th to 25th floor	26th to 30th floor	30 floors and above
20				0			
21				1,188			
22				2,376			
23				3,564			
24				4,752			
25				5,940			
26				7,127			
27				8,315			
28				9,503			
29				10,691			
30				11,879			
31				13,067			
32				14,255			
33				15,443			
34				16,631			
35				17,819			
36				19,006			
37				20,194			
38				21,382			
39				22,570			
40				23,758			
41				24,946			
42				26,134			
43				27,322			
44				28,510			
45				29,698			
46				30,885			
47				32,073			
48				33,261			
49				34,449			
50				35,637			
51				36,825			
52				38,013			
53				39,201			
54				40,389			
55				41,577			
56				42,764			
57				43,952			
58				45,140			
59				46,328			
60				47,516			
61				49,442			
62				51,757			
63				54,504			
64				57,685			
65				61,300			
66				62,759			

Energy savings[%]	5th floor and below	6th to 10th floor	11th to 15th floor	16th to 20th floor	21th to 25th floor	26th to 30th floor	30 floors and above
67				64,880			
68				67,000			
69				69,119			
70				71,240			
71			73,	360			75,324
72			75,480			77,445	79,409
73		77,	599		79,565	81,529	83,495
74		79,	720		83,650	85,614	87,580
75		81,	840		87,735	89,699	91,665
76		83,960		85,925	91,819	93,785	95,749
77		86,081		90,010	95,904	97,870	99,834
78	88,2	200	90,164	94,094	99,989	101,954	103,919
79	90,3	320	94,250	98,179	104,075	106,039	108,004
80	92,4	441	98,335	102,265	108,160	110,124	112,089
81	94,		102,420	106,350			
82	96,6		106,505	110,435			
83	98,8		110,589	114,519			
84	100,		114,674	118,604			
85	103,041	105,006	118,759	122,689			
86	105,160	109,090	122,845	126,774			
87	107,281	113,175	126,930	130,859			
88	109,401	117,260	131,014	134,943			
89	111,521	121,346	135,099	139,028			
90	113,642	125,431	139,184	143,114			
91	115,761				,		
92	117,881						
93	120,001						
94	122,122						
95	124,241						
96	126,361						
97	128,482						
98	130,602						
99	132,721						
100	134,842						

Cost Optimal Level

- Net present value (NPV) calculation for 30 years of housing use by considering investment cost, energy cost, maintenance cost, and real financial discount rate
- After applying the current level of passive technology first, cost analysis according to the primary energy consumption according to the scenario where the solar system and the external insulation system are applied later
- In 2017, the cost optimization point was about 110 kWh/m²yr for the floor area of 26m², and about 100 kWh/m²yr for 84m² of the primary energy consumption of heating, hot water, and lighting
- In 2020, the cost optimization point was about 90~100kWh/m² for the area of 60m² or more which is lower than in '17 evaluated



(a) Dec. 2017

(b) March 2020

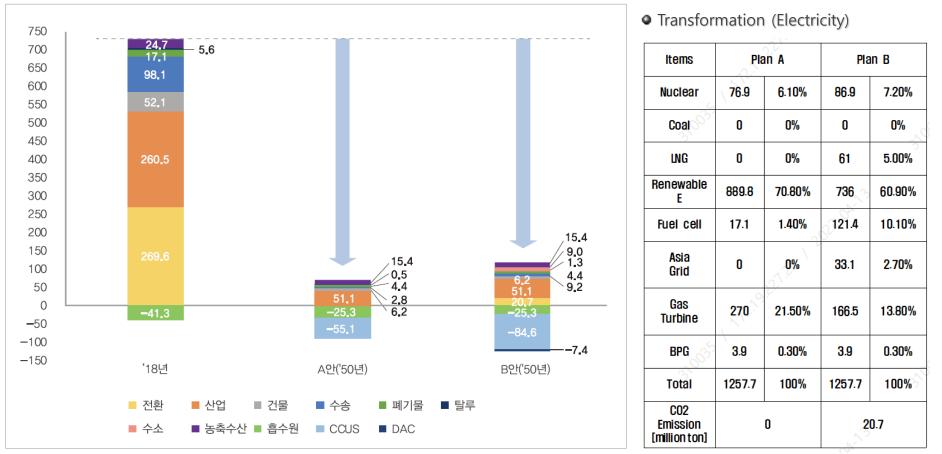
Analysis of cost optimization level according to primary energy consumption(heating, hot water, lighting)

Energy saving roadmap (Before Dec. '21)

- 2022 : Energy efficiency level 1++ (only 60m² or more, zero energy grade 5, Cost Optimal Level)
- 2025 : Zero Energy Level 5 (all apartment housings)

Division	2018 year	2020 year	2022 year	2025 year
Energy efficiency level	1+	1+	1++	1++
Primary energy [kWh/m²yr]	Below 120	Below 100	Below 90	Below 80
Qualitative indicator	Passive house	Renewable energy installation	Zero energy level 5 for over 60 m²	Zero energy level 5 for all apartment houses
Energy savings	60%	65%	70%	75%

- Two scenarios for net zero green house gas emission in 2050 (727.6 million tons in '18)
 - Plan A : to reduce emissions as much as possible, such as out of use of thermal power generation
 - Plan B : to utilize CO₂ removal technologies such as CCUS instead of fossil power generation remaining



2030 NDC

- Setting the Green House Gas emissions in the Carbon Neutral Framework Law
 - * GHG emission in '30 should be reduced by 35% or more compared to '18 (Article 8, Paragraph 1)
- GHG 26.3% reduction compared to '18 (727.6 million tons) → 40% reduction ('30, 436.5 million tons)

ltems	Sectors	Base year('18) NDC(before '21.10)		NDC(now)
Total C	Carbon Emissions	727.6 million tons	536.1 million tons (△191.6, △26.3%)	436.6 million tons (△291.0, △40.0%)
	Transformation(Elec.)	269.6	192.7 (△28.5%)	149.9 (△44.4%)
	Industry	260.5	243.8 (△6.4%)	222.6 (△14%)
	Building	52.1	41.9 (△19.5%)	35.0 (△32.8)
	Transportation	98.1	70.6 (△28.1%)	61.0 (△37.8%)
Emissions	Agriculture, Livestock Fisheries	24.7	19.4 (△21.6%)	18.0 (△27.1%)
	Waste	17.1	11.0 (△35.6%)	9.1 (△46.8%)
	Hydrogen	-	-	7.6
	Etc.	5.6	5.2	3.9
Absorption	Absorption resource	-41.3	-22.1	-26.7
and	CCUS	-	-10.3	-10.3
Removal	Overseas reduction	-	-16.2	-33.5

Energy saving roadmap changes

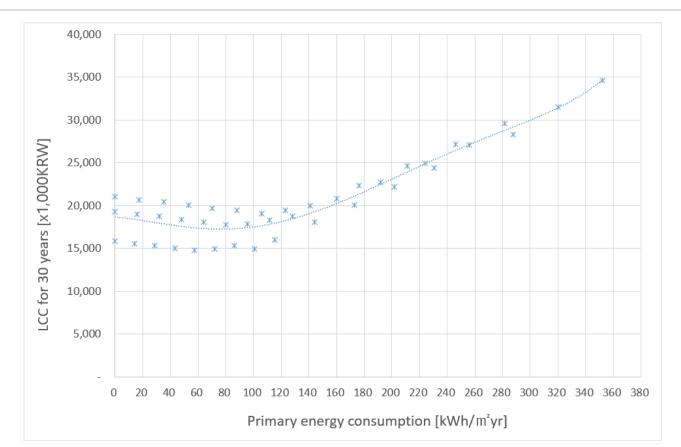
- Change of the Land, Infrastructure and Transport Carbon Neutral Roadmap (Dec. 2021)
- Early implementation of the Zero-energy building for apartment housings according to revised 2030 NDC (public : '23 ZEB 5, Private : '24 nearly ZEB 5)

	'20	'23	'24	'25	'30
Public	Floor area 1,000m² over building (ZEB 5 Grade)	Floor area 500m ² over building, Over 30 houses in apartment complex (ZEB 5 Grade)	-	nearly ZEB 4	nearly ZEB 3
Private	-	-	Over 30 houses in apartment complex (nearly ZEB 5)	Floor area 1,000m² over building (nearly ZEB 5)	Floor area 500m² over building (nearly ZEB 5)

3 Energy Saving Roadmap

Energy saving roadmap proposal

- Middle 1 region : 100, Middle 2 region : 80~90kWh/m²·yr
- Southern and Jeju Island : 60kWh/m²·yr, Considering the entire region : 85kWh/m²·yr
- Primary Energy is 60kWh/m²·yr in the zero energy grade 4, so it is difficult to achieve zero energy grade 4 in the public sector in 25 years. It is proposed to achieve zero energy level 5 in both public and private sectors in 2025, and raise to the zero energy grade 4 in 2030.



Green Building Certifcation and Energy Saving Regulations

ltems	Green Building Certification	Building energy efficiency grade certification and zero energy grade		Energy saving design standards for buildings	(Energy saving) Green housing Construction standards
Related Laws	Article 16 of the [「] Green Building Construction Support Act」	Article 17 of the ^r Green Building Construction Support Act _J		Article 17 of the 「Green Building Construction Support Act」	Article 64 ^r Regulations on housing construction standards_
Ministry in charge	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport, Ministry of Environment	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport, Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy		Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport, Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport
Purpose	Induce resource-saving, nature-friendly buildings		gy-saving buildings nousings	Supply of energy-saving buildings and housings	Supply of energy-saving and green houses
Target Buildings	Apartment houses, office, schools, retail, accommodation, etc.		, apartment house, office, etc.	All buildings except apartment housings	Apartment housings
Evaluation items	25~51 items depending on the buildings	Energy consumption per unit area		EPI(Energy performance index) points	 Energy consumption per unit area 16 Design obligations, insulation, boiler, lighting, renewable system. etc
Obligation or not	Voluntary certification (Obligation for public buildings)	Voluntary certification (Obligation for public buildings, and Apartment housings(30 more) in '23)		Obligation for buildings with floor area 500m² or more	Obligation for apartment housing with over 30 houses
When to apply	1st certification : after construction approval 2nd certification : after approval for use	Same	e as left	Upon approval of construction project	Same as left
Incentive	Acquisition tax reduction, floor area ratio easing, bidding point		eduction, floor raise atio, bidding point	Acquisition tax reduction, raise the floor area ratio	Acquisition tax reduction, and add to the sale price
Grades	the Best, excellent, very good, good	Energy efficiency grade 1+++ ~ 7 (10 grades)	Zero energy 5~1 grades (energy efficiency grade 1++ & Produced energy by renewable energy system 20~100%)	Public : 74 points Private : 65 points	Primary energy consumption, and energy saving rate
Evaluating Agency	10 institutions	9 ins	titutions	6 institutions	10 institutions

2 Zero Energy Building Certificaiton

- Overview of the zero energy building certification

 - Relevant Laws : (1) Green building construction support law
 (2) Building energy efficiency rating and zero energy building certification standards
 - Government department : Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport, Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy
 - 𝗭 Operations, and certification body : Korean Energy Agency
- Obligatory buildings
- Minimum requirement for certification
 - ✓ Primary energy consumption 90kWh/m²yr or less, and higher than 20% energy production by renewable energy systems

Energy independence rate (%) =	Primary energy production per unit area by renewable energy					
	Primary energy consumption per unit area	- X 100				
* Primary energy is calculated by ISO 13790(2008)						

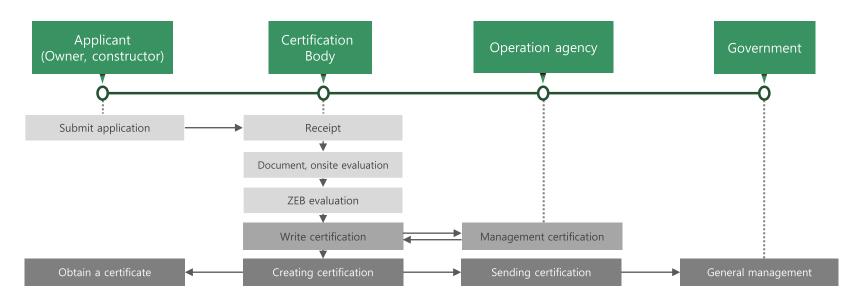
Energy performance of buildings - Calculation of energy use for space heating and cooling)

∅ Installation of a building management system or an electronic remote measurement system

Grades

the Grades	Energy independence rate
ZEB 1	More than 100%
ZEB 2	80% more ~ 100% under
ZEB 3	60% more ~ 80% under
ZEB 4	40% more ~ 60% under
ZEB 5	20% more ~ 40% under

Process



Incentives

Items			Details				
Relaxation of Standard	 Permission of a relax (Ratio of the total fl building specified in 	oor area of the	building to th				
	Certification grades	ZEB 1	ZEB 2	ZEB 3	ZEB 4	ZEB 5	
	Max. relaxation ratio	15%	14%	13%	12%	11%	
Priority support for renewable energy installation subsidies		notice, and subs	idy is paid whe				
Increase the loan limit of the housing and urban Fund		$^{\oslash}$ Housing and Urban Fund loan limit increased by 20% for public rental housing and pre-sale housing certified as zero-energy buildings					
Reducing the burden of donating infrastructure			to the infrastru	ucture donation	burden level,	that is 8% of the	
	𝗭 15∼20% reduction o	f the acquisitior	n tax				
Tax reduction	Grades	ZEB 1	ZEB 2	ZEB 3	ZEB 4	ZEB 5	
	Reduciton rate		20%		18%	15%	
Support for installation of energy saving facilities	$^{\oslash}$ 20 million won to 15 billion won accoriding to the guideliens (3-year grace period, 5 year repayment, variable interest)						
	𝔄 Certification fee redu	uction for privat	e buildings				
Certification fee reduction	Grades	ZEB 1	ZEB 2	ZEB 3	ZEB 4	ZEB 5	
reduction	Reduciton rate		100%		50%	30%	

2 Zero Energy Building Certificaiton

Integrated plan for building energy efficiency rating and zero energy building certification

- ∅ Certification grade reorganization from the ZEB 5 grade system to a ZEB 6 expanded to "Zeb plus"
- Ø Energy independence rates and primary energy consumptions will be applied as a certification standard

D	re	~	'n	٠
	re	26		U

"Primary energy" and "Energy independent" evaluation

Energ	y officiency	y grades	ZEB	grades	
Grades		energy /m²·yr)	Grades	Energy	
	residential	Non-resid.		independance	
			ZEB 1	100%	
			ZEB 2	80%	
			ZEB 3	60%	
1+++	Under 60	Under 80	ZEB 4	40%	
1++	Under 90	Under 140	ZEB 5	20%	
1+	Under 120	Under 200			
1	Under 150	Under 260			
2	Under 190	Under 320			
3	Under 230	Under 380			
4	Under 270	Under 450			
5	Under 320	Under 520			
6	Under 370	Under 610			
7	Under 420	Under 700			

Reorganization plan('25)

Basic "Energy independant", Supplementary "Primary energy"

				-		
Grades	indpend ence		Primary (kWh Residential	′ energy /m²·yr) Non residen.	Energy morning system	Note
ZEB Plus	120% more		Under -10	Under -70		
ZEB 1	100% more		-10 ~ 10	-70 ~ -30		Indepen dent is
ZEB 2	80% more	OR	10 ~ 30	-30 ~ 10	Installation or	same
ZEB 3	60% more		30 ~ 50	10 ~ 50	not	Primary energy is
ZEB 4	40% more		50 ~ 70	50 ~ 90		newly (Suppleme
ZEB 5	20% more		70 ~ 90	90 ~130		ntary)
Basic Supplementary						

III. Green Certification

2 | Zero Energy Building Certificaiton

Pilot estates for zero energy certification

	2	In-Cheon	Gwa-Cheon	Guri-Galme	Guri-Galme	Guri-Galme
	Division	AA10-2	S-3	A-2	A-3	A-5
\ Tc	otal floor area	88, 196.55 m²	76,115.01m²	34,080.33 m²	28,482.27 m²	33,730.55 m²
	ing-to-land ratio por area ratio	21.17/173.79%	20.92/216.28%	20.16/199.28%	21.66/194.3%	24.27/192.5%
	Floors	4~25 Floors	37 Floors	8~15 Floors	12~15 Floors	15 Floors
	Housings/ Floor area	26~46m [*] 1,188 housings	55~59m° 547 housings	37~42m [®] 386 housings	26~36m [*] 477 housings	26~36m ⁴ 566 housings
Cor	nstruction cost	1,742.0KRW/m	2,174KRW/m	-	-	-
	Wall	0.133 Wm [*] ·K	0.133 Wm [*] ∙K	0.144 Wm°∙K	0.144 Wm°∙K	0.145 W/m°•K
	Wall(indirect)	0.211 Wm ² ·К	0.209 Wm [*] ·K	0.227 Wm ² ·К	0.227 Wm ⁺ K	0.230 W/m [*] ⋅K
	Roof	0.133 W/m²⋅K	0.149 Wm°∙K	0.149 Wm [*] ·К	0.149 Wm°∙K	0.149 W/m°•K
Pass- ive	Floor	0.230 Wm [*] ⋅K	0.236 Wm ² ⋅K	0.236 Wm ² ∙К	0.232 Wm [*] ⋅K	0.2 38 W m°•K
IVE	Window	1.189 W/m°∙K	0.936 Wm ² ·K	1.171 Wm ² •К	1.178 Wm°•K	0.7 69 W m°•K
	ETICS	Not installed	Not installed	Not installed	Not installed	Not installed
	Infiltration	6 vol./h	6 vol./h	6 vol./h	6 vol./h	6 vol./h
N, N	Heating	DHW	DHW	S DHW	DHW	DHW
$\langle \rangle$	Hot water	DHW	DHW	DHW	DHW	DHW
Act-	Cooling	Package aircond	122	-	-	-
ive	Ventilation effic. (heating/cooling)	Not installed	75% / 67%	74% / 70%	70% / 50%	81.7% / 69.3%
	Light density	- 1	5.37W/m²	4.73W/m²	4.34W/m²	4.39W/m²
Renew-	Photo Voltaic (Power)	2,272 m² (0.32kW)	272.22kW (0.50kW)	145.04kW (0.38kW)	87.80kW (0.39kW)	191.52kW (0.34kW)
able	Geo-thermal	Not installed	Not installed	Not installed	Not installed	Not installed
	rimary energy kWh/m°•yr)	120.04	108.50	103.7	109.9	114.7
	rgy productions kWh/m°•yr)	35.74	23.54	25.8	25.0	27.9
	energy for grades kWh/nt ·yr)	84.3	85.0	77.9	84.9	86.8
Energ	gy independence	29.78%	21.69%	24.88%	22.75%	24.32%
25	ZEB Level	5 Grade	5 Grade	5 Grade	5 Grade	5 Grade



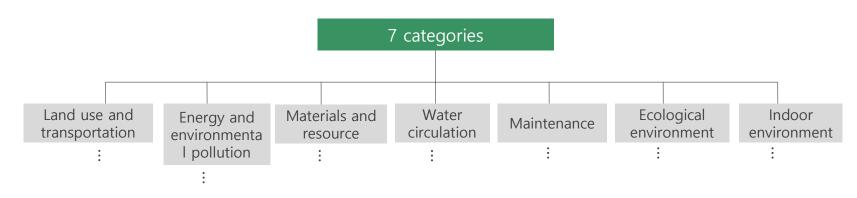
30

- Green Building Certification overview
- 𝔅 Obligatory buildings
 - Public buildings with a total floor area of 3000m² or more built by public institutions
 - Apartment housings with more than 500 houses
 - Seoul City green building design standards : green grade 4 ~ green grade 1
- $\ensuremath{\varnothing}$ Buildings subject to certification
 - They are divided into new buildings and existing buildings, and are classified into residential buildings and non-residential buildings
 - * Residential : Ordinary house (i.g. row housing), apartment housings
 - * Non-residential : Ordinary building, office building, School, Accommodation, Retail

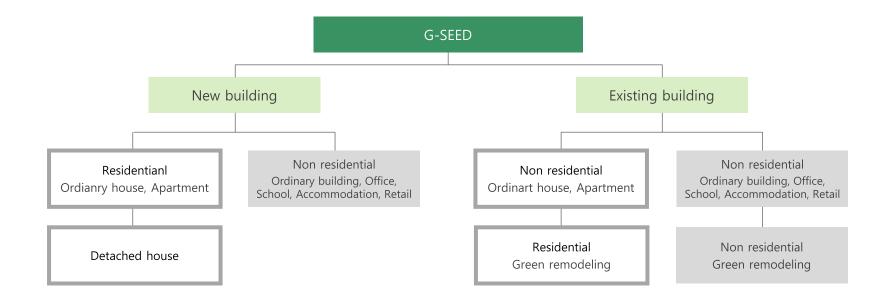
 $\ensuremath{\varnothing}$ Buildings subject to certification exclusion

- National defense military facilities within military bases

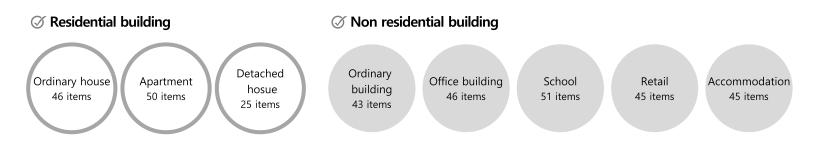
 $\ensuremath{\varnothing}$ Certification evaluation items



Buildings subject to certification



Number of evaluation items by building types



Score criteria for certification level

⊘ New Building

Certification level		Scores		Note
	Residential	Detached house	Non residentail	Note
The Best (Green 1)	74 points or more	74 points or more	80 points or more	
Excellent (Green 2)	66 points or more	66 points or more	70 points or more	100 points portest
Very good (Green 3)	58 points or more	58 points or more	60 points or more	100 points perfect
Good (Green 4)	50 points or more	50 points or more	50 points or more	

𝐼 Existing Building

Cortification level	Scc	Nieto	
Certification level	Residential	Non residentail	Note
The Best (Green 1)	69 points or more	75 points or more	
Excellent (Green 2)	61 points or more	65 points or more	100 points porfact
Very good (Green 3)	53 points or more	55 points or more	100 points perfect
Good (Green 4)	45 points or more	45 points or more	

𝔇 Green Remodeling Building

Certification level	Non res	Noto	
	Residential	Non residentail	Note
The Best (Green 1)	69 points or more	75 points or more	
Excellent (Green 2)	61 points or more	65 points or more	100 painta partact
Very good (Green 3)	53 points or more	55 points or more	100 points perfect
Good (Green 4)	45 points or more	45 points or more	

3 | Green Building Certification

• Evaluation items by building types

Sectors	Ordinary house	Apartment housings	Detachend house	Ordinarty building	Office building	School	Retail	Accommodation	
Land use and transporta tion	Ecological value before land development								
	Avoid excessive underground development		-	Avoid excessive underground development					
	minimize the amount of cut soil		-	minimize the amount of cut soil					
			\ 	/alidity of measures to prevent sunlight access					
	-	Pedestrian-only road connection within estate	-	-	-	Layout plan for sunlight	-	-	
	Proximity to public transportation								
	Suitability of bicycle parking lots and bicycle paths		Bicycle storage area and its path connection	Installation of bicycle parking lot					
	Accessibility of amenitie		25	-	-	-	-	-	
	Energy saving performance(9.6 points more for Green 1, 7.2 for the Green 2		Energy saving performance	Energy saving performance (9.6 points more for the Green 1 and the Green 2)					
	-	-	-	TAB(Test, adjustment, implementation, Balancing) implementation					
Energy and	Energy monitoring and management system		-	Energy monitoring and management system					
environme ntal	-	-	-	- Lighting energy saving					
pollution	renewable energy use								
	-	Application of low-carbon energy source technology(domestic heating etc.)							
	Protecting the ozone layer and reducing global warming(refrigerant, EPS insulation etc.)								
	-	-	-	-		trol to save cooling ergy	-	-	
	Use of EPD(Environmental Product Declaration)								
Material and resource	Use of low carbon materials								
	Use of resource recycling material								
	Harmful substance reduction materials		-	Harmful substance reduction materials					
	Application rate of green building materials		-	Application rate of green building materials					
	Installation of storage facilities for recyclable materials		_	Installation of storage facilities for recyclable materials					

3 | Green Building Certification

• Evaluation items by building types

Sectors	Ordinary house	Apartment housings	Detachend house	Ordinarty building	Office building	School	Retail	Accommodation	
Water circulation management	Rainwater management - Rainwater management								
	Use rainwater and runoff underground water								
	Use Water saving devices								
	Water usage monitoring		-	Water usage monitoring					
Maintenance	Management plan for construction site		-	Management plan for construction site					
	Provision of operation maintenance documents and manuals		-	Provision of operation maintenance documents and manuals					
	Provision of user manuals		Have user manuals	-	-	Playground dust prevention	-	-	
	Provision of green building certification information		-	Provision of green building certification information					
Ecological	-	Creation of a green strip	-	-	-	Creation of a green strip	_	-	
	Green area rate on a natural ground - Green area rate on a natural ground								
	Ecological area rate(Rooftop greening, permeable pavement, grass, trees, etc)								
environment	-	Creating biotope	-	Creating biotope					
	-	-	-	-	-	Creation of an ecological learning center	-	-	
	Use of low emission indoor pollutant products								
	Natural ventilation performance								
	Ventilation performance		-	Outdoor air supply and exhaust design					
	-	-	-	-	-	-	CO ₂ monitoring system operation	-	
	Room temperature control device performance								
Indoor environment	-	-	Building placement for sunlight	-	Indoor air quality control	-	-	-	
	Reduction of lig	ht impact sound	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reduction of heavy impact sound		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Sound insulation of boundary walls between households		-	-	-	Shading device of direct beam solar radiation	-	Sound insulation of boundary wall between guest room	
	Prevent traffic noise		-	Prevent traffic noise					
	Toilet water and	d drainage noise	-	Establish an area just for rest					

Thank you.