



# Smart Farming in Korea

Current Status and Policy Directions  
with case insights of K-smart farm  
from Shinhan A-tec Co.

**1**

# What is Smart Farming?

# Statutory Definition of Smart Farming

## The Act on Fostering and Supporting Smart Farming

### Article 2 (Definitions) The definitions in the Act are as follows:

1. “Smart farming” means **agriculture** (referring to agriculture as defined in the Framework Act on Agriculture, Rural Community and Food Industry; the same shall apply hereinafter) **that incorporates advanced technologies, such as information and communication technologies (ICT), into the agricultural sector in order to improve productivity and quality and to reduce management and labor costs.**
2. “Smart farming data” means information on the growth environment and growth conditions that is produced or utilized in the course of operating smart farming, and that is expressed in forms such as numerical data, text, or images.

# 2

## Necessity and Current Status of Smart Farming

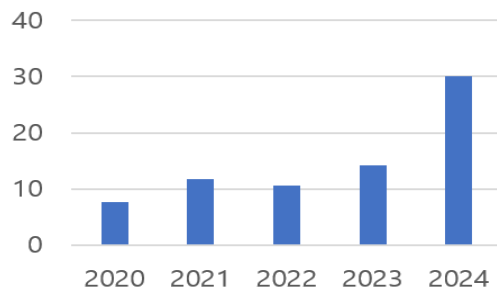
## Changes in Agricultural Production Conditions

### Extreme Weather

- Number of heatwave days: 7.7 (2020) → 30.1 (2024)

#### Heatwave days

(Unit: days)



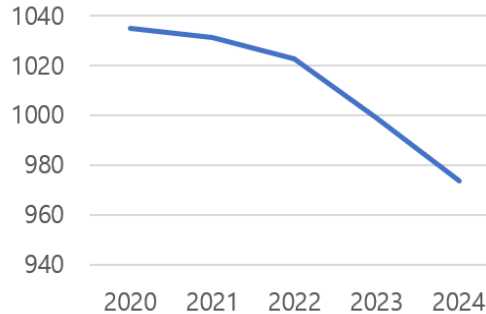
- Increasing occurrence of extreme weather (heavy rain, severe cold, etc.)

### Decrease in Farm Households

- Farm Households: 1,035.2 thousand (2020) → 973.7 (2024)

#### Farm households

(Unit: thousand)

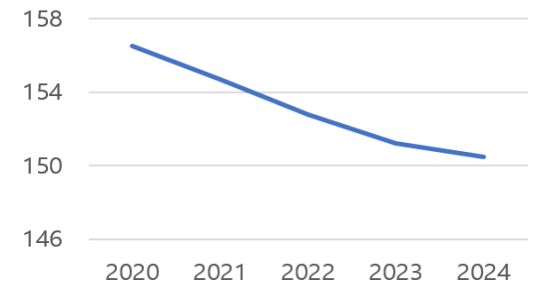


### Declining Cultivated Land Area

- Cultivated Land Area: 1.565 million ha (2020) → 1.505 (2024)

#### Cultivated land area

(Unit: 10,000 ha)

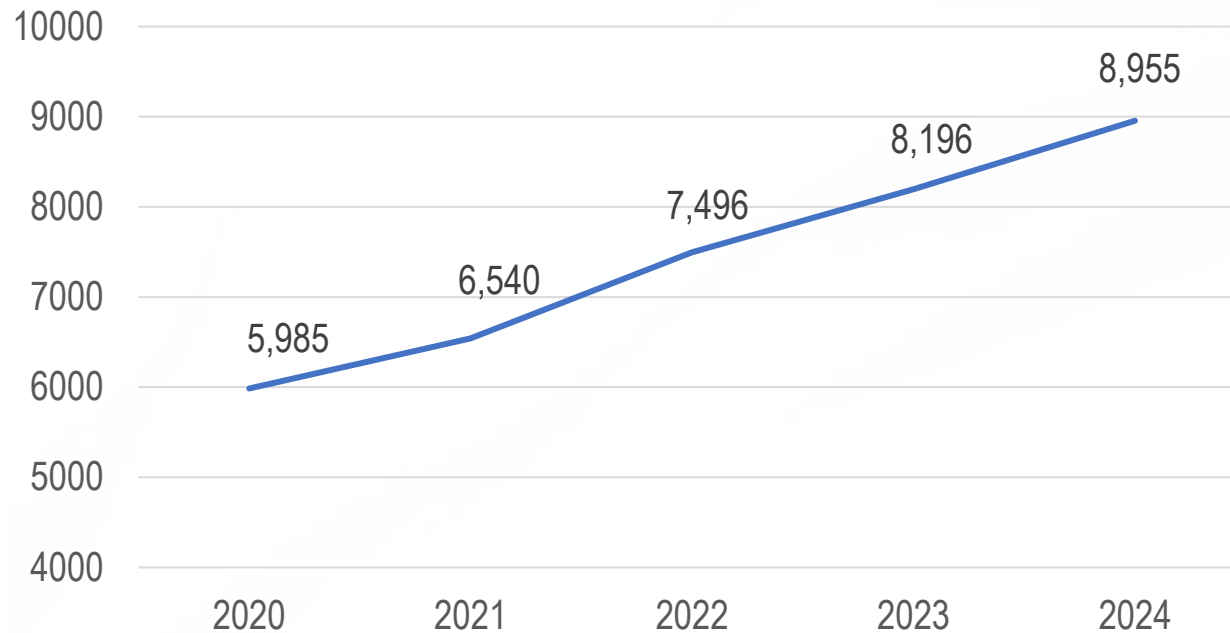


## 2-2 Efforts to Date

- Enactment (Jul. 2023) and enforcement (Jul. 2024) of the Act on Fostering and Supporting Smart Farming
- Strengthening R&D for core K-Smart Farming technologies
- Support for the adoption of ICT equipment and modernization of agricultural facilities
- Establishment of Smart Farm Innovation Valleys and rental smart farms
- Policy financing support, including the smart farm fund, and fostering of venture businesses



Unit: ha

**Smart farming adoption area  
through public support initiative  
in protected horticulture**

## 2-4 Future Challenges

- **Fragmented, small-scale agricultural production structure → constraints on economies of scale**
  - Average greenhouse area per farm: Korea 0.56 ha (2023, EPIS) / Netherlands 3.02 ha (2023, KOTRA)
- **Limited capacity of farmers to utilize advanced technologies**
  - 2nd most difficulty when adopting smart farming: low level of technical understanding (19.3%)
    - \* 2024 Smart Farming Survey, Korea Agriculture Technology Promotion Agency
- **Urgent need for technological development to overcome uncertain profitability and high-cost burdens**
  - 1st most difficulty when adopting smart farming: securing installation costs (29.5%)
    - \* 2024 Smart Farming Survey, Korea Agriculture Technology Promotion Agency

**3**

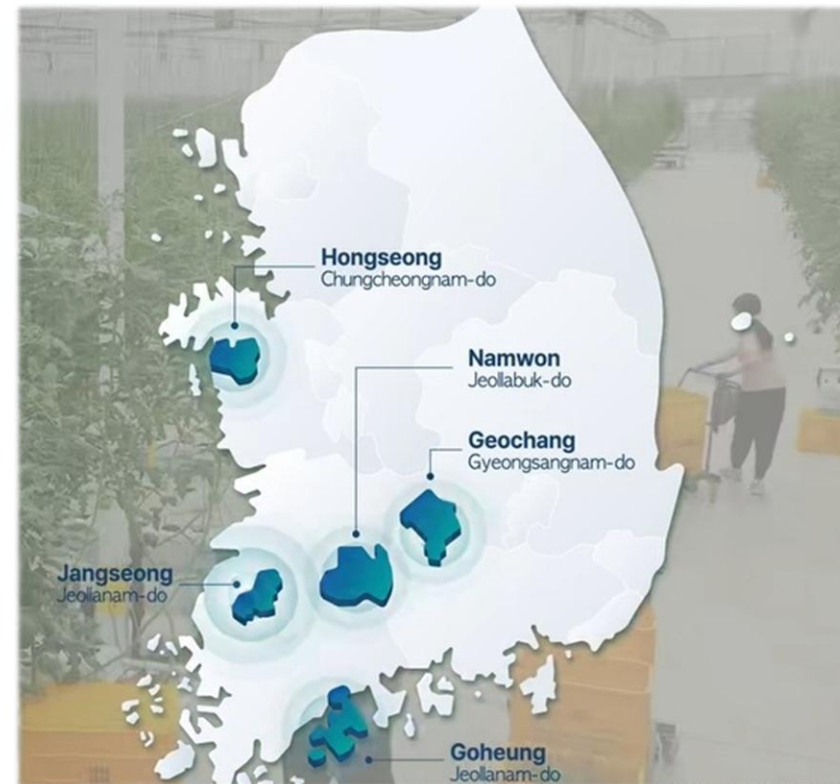
## **Policy Directions of Smart Farming**

- **Vision: “Globally Competitive Smart Agro-Industry ”**
  - Smart farming (protected horticulture) 16% (2024) → 35% (2030)
- **Key Tasks**
  - Creating a smart farming cluster
  - Training smart farming personnel with professional management capabilities
  - Strengthening R&D for the development of K-smart farming technology and models
  - Building a foundation for the advancement of smart farming-related industries

## 3-2 Cluster Development

- Development of smart farming promotion zones (5 sites in 2025 → 15 sites (projected) cumulatively by 2026)
  - Clustering of smart farms and related industries, including processing and distribution facilities
  - Provision of long-term rental smart farms for young farmers

### Smart Farming Promotion Zones



## 3-3 Training Smart Farming Personnel

- Establishment of a workforce capacity-building system for digital and generational transition
  - Expanding smart farming training institutions
  - Field-oriented training programs
  - Introduction of the Smart Farming Manager certification system



## 3-4 R&D and Standardization

- Strengthening R&D for emerging technologies such as robots, drones, and autonomous farm machinery
- Development of standardized Korean smart farm and vertical farm Models
- Investment in technologies to reduce costs, including energy efficiency in smart farms



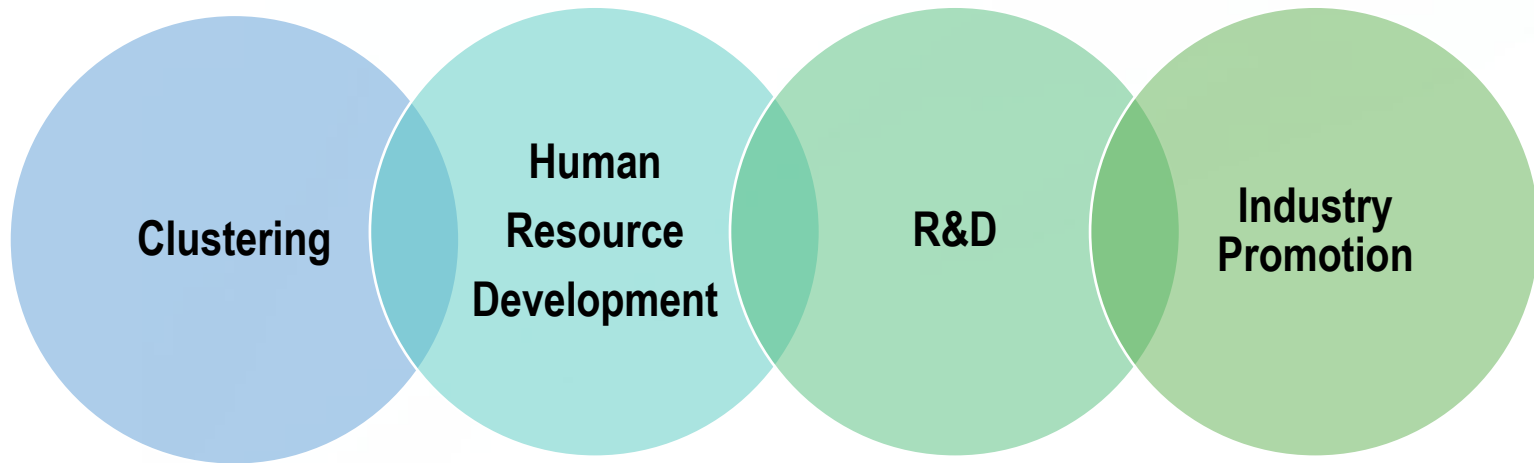
## 3-5 Building Smart Farming-Related Industries

- Selection of leading smart farming companies
  - Focused support through financing and regulatory improvements
- Building a growth foundation for smart farming ventures
- Promoting smart farming solutions to address agricultural challenges (extreme weather, labor shortages, etc.)
- Strengthening global competitiveness through end-to-end support for smart farm exports (from demonstration to marketing)



# Significance of Expanding Smart Farming

- Smart Farming = A New Growth Engine for Agriculture



# Case Insight : SHINHAN A-TEC

## The Evolution of K-Smart Farm: Bridging the Present to the Future

**Doyun Kim**  
Global project manager

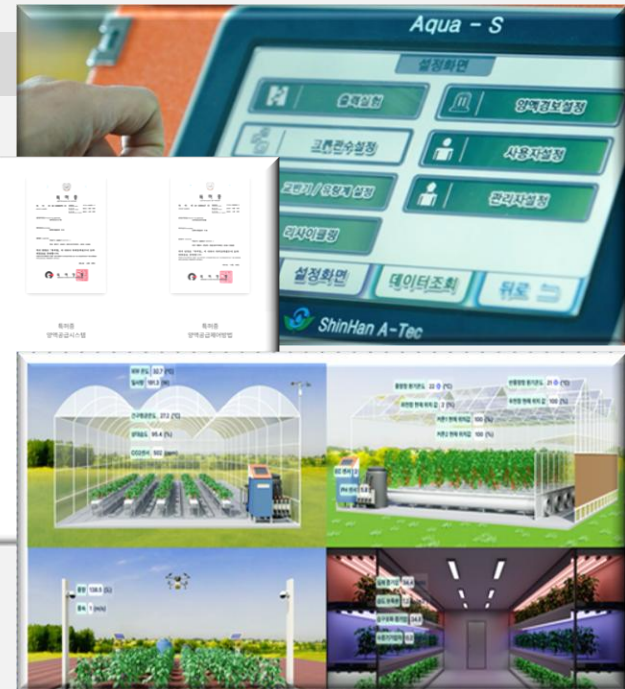


# SHINHAN A-TEC ?

*Shinhan A-Tech advances toward the future of agriculture*

## Business Areas & Products

- *Greenhouse Construction*
- *AI-based Climate Control System*
- *Diverse Sensors*
- *Recycling Hydroponics*
- *Software & R&D*
- *Cultivation Solutions*
- *Site-specific Design*



# Major International Projects



# Project Details



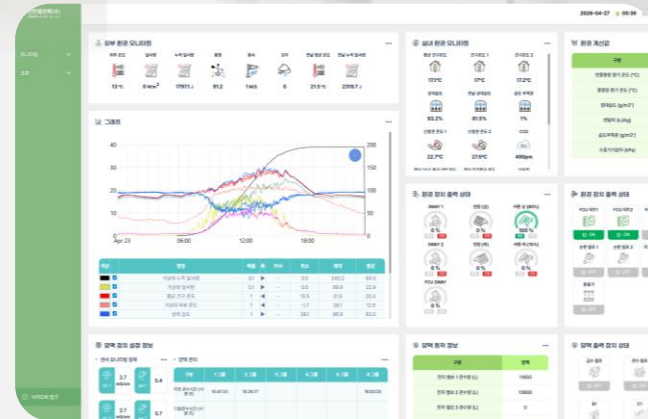
Fertigation System



AI-driven Control System



Filtering System



AI-based Decision-Making

# Project Details



Diverse Sensor Types



Advanced Greenhouse Construction



Training Program



Consulting Solution

# Major International Projects



**Uganda project**



**Philippines project**



**Costa Rica project**

# Training Process



**Theory of Cultivation**



**Practice of Cultivation**



**Equipment Operation**



**Automatic System**

# Process of After Construction



Sowing



Planting



String



Managing



Producing



Grading

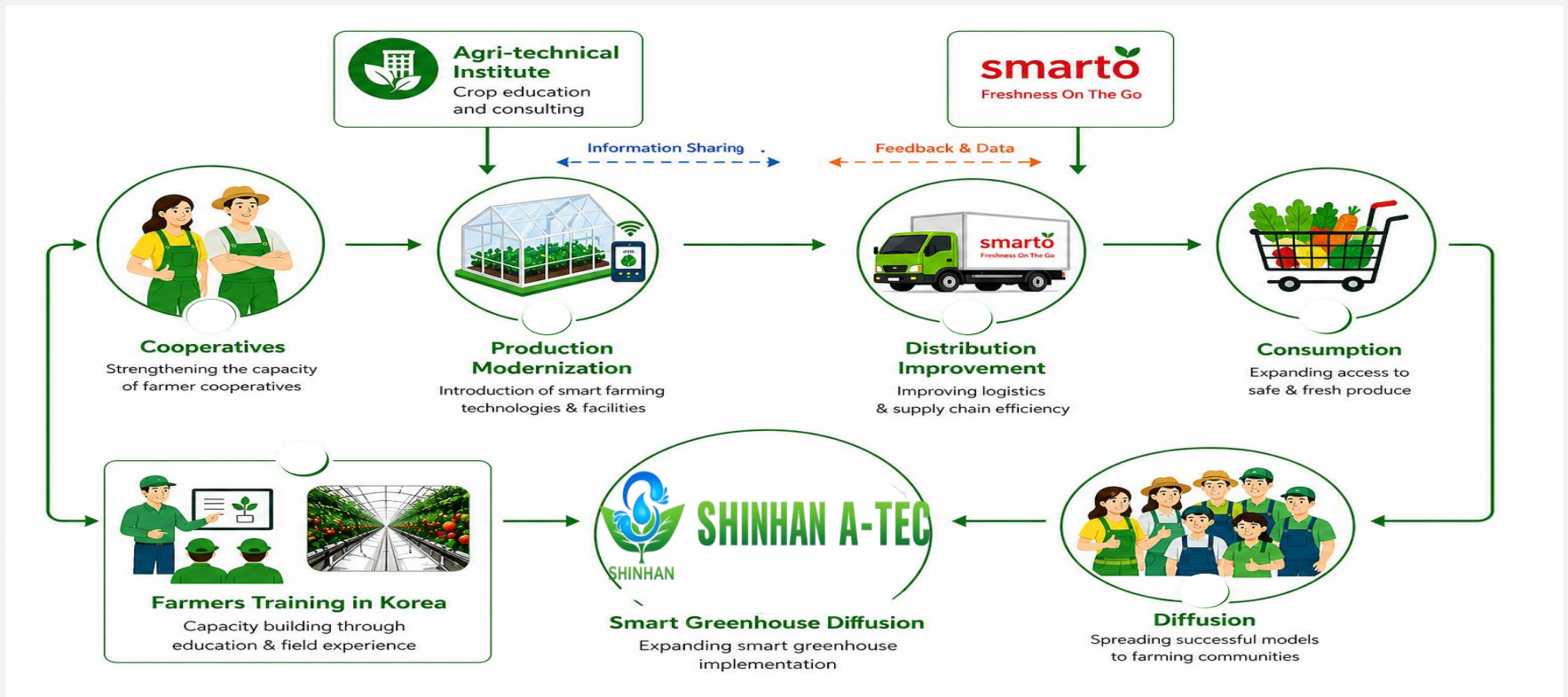


Packing



Branding

# SHINHAN A-TEC ?



# Why Smart Farming?



**Climate change**

Rising temperatures and extreme weather threaten agricultural productivity.



**Labor shortage**

Aging populations and fewer young workers reduce the agricultural labor force.



**Increasing food demand**

A growing global population requires more food to ensure food security for the future.

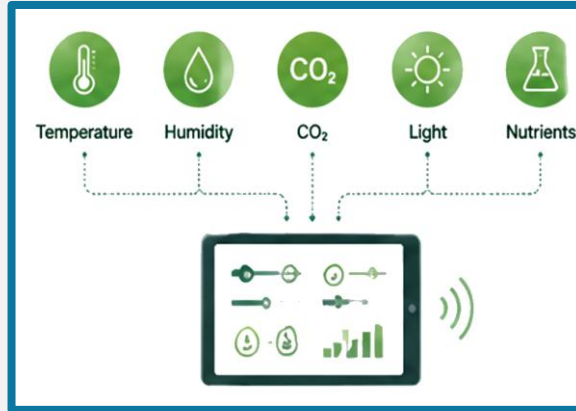


**➔ Traditional farming is no longer enough**

# What is K-Smart Farm?



ICT +  
Agriculture



Automated control  
systems



Data-driven  
production

# Evolution of Smart Farm Systems



**Past**

Focus on productivity



**Present**

Energy efficiency & optimization



**Future**

Sustainable & eco-friendly systems

# Future of Smart Farming



**AI-based  
automation**



**Carbon-neutral  
farming**



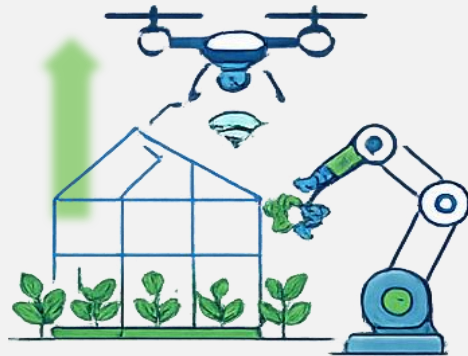
**Water recycling  
systems**



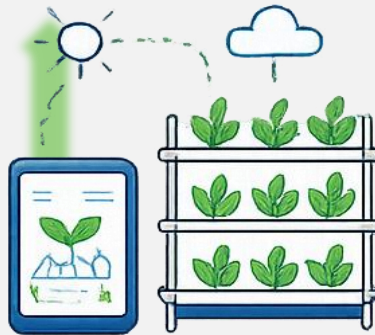
**Global smart farm  
expansion**

# Now K-Smart Farm

## Progress in AI-Driven systems



Automation  
& intelligence



Beyond limits



Global expansion

**A Key of high quality and production**



# The future of smart farming

starts with

# SHINHAN A-TEC

